

THE ANNOTATED CODE

—OF THE—

GENERAL STATUTE LAWS

—OF—

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI,

—PREPARED BY—

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—AND—

Reported to and amended and adopted by the Legislature at its Regular
Session in 1892.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY OF THE LEGISLATURE.

NASHVILLE, TENN.:
MARSHALL & BRUCE, LAW PUBLISHERS.
1892.

EXHIBIT

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years to have or to own, or to carry concealed, in whole or in part, any weapon the carrying of which concealed is prohibited, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction, shall be fined not less than twenty dollars nor more than two hundred dollars, or may be imprisoned not more than sixty days in the county jail, or both.

1030 (2988). **The same; college students not to have, etc.**—A student of any university, college, or school, who shall carry, bring, receive, own, or have on the campus, college or school grounds, or within two miles thereof, any weapon the carrying of which concealed is prohibited, or a teacher, instructor, or professor who shall knowingly suffer or permit any such weapon to be carried, or so brought, received, owned, or had by a student or pupil, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction, be fined not exceeding three hundred dollars or imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding three months, or both.

1031 (2804). **The same; exhibiting in rude, angry, or threatening manner, etc.**—If any person, having or carrying any dirk, dirk-knife, sword, sword-cane, or any deadly weapon, or other weapon the carrying of which concealed is prohibited, shall, in the presence of three or more persons, exhibit the same in a rude, angry, or threatening manner, not in necessary self-defense, or shall in any manner unlawfully use the same in any fight or quarrel, the person so offending, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined in a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars or be imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding three months, or both. In prosecutions under this section it shall not be necessary for the affidavit or indictment to aver, nor for the state to prove on the trial, that any gun, pistol, or other fire-arm was charged, loaded, or in condition to be discharged.

The omission of the word "manner," after the words "rude, angry, and threatening," in an indictment, is a formal defect, and may be amended as such. In such indictment it is unnecessary to aver that the defendant was "carrying" the weapon. *Gamblin v. State*, 45 Miss., 658.

1032 (2769). **Disturbance of family; noises and offensive conduct.**—A person who willfully disturbs the peace of any family or person by an explosion of gunpowder or other explosive substance, or by loud or unusual noise, or by any tumultuous or offensive conduct, shall be punished by fine and imprisonment, or either; the fine not to exceed one hundred dollars, and the imprisonment not to exceed six months in the county jail.

What constitutes the offensive conduct, or the nature or character of the offensive conduct, should be stated in the affidavit or indictment. *Finch v. State*, 64 Miss., 461.

This section and the next one are intended to protect the peace of families. An affidavit or indictment averring the disturbance merely of an individual, charges no offense under either section. *Brooks v. State* 67 Miss., 577.

1033 (2770). **The same; using abusive, etc., language, etc.**—Any person who enters the dwelling-house of another, or the yard or curtilage thereof, or upon the public highway, or any other place near such premises, and in the presence or hearing of the family of the possessor or occupant thereof, or of any member thereof, or of any female, makes use of abusive, profane, vulgar, or indecent language, or is guilty of any indecent exposure of his person at such place, shall be punished for a misdemeanor.

Place is material. An indictment charging the use of abusive language in a yard, is not sustained by proof of its use near the yard. *Quin v. State*, 65 Miss., 479.

1034 (2767). **Disturbance of worship; proceedings and penalty.**—If any person shall willfully disturb any congregation of persons lawfully assembled for reli-